

BY AUTHORITY.

NOTICE TO CANDIDATES FOR DELEGATE, SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES.

A general election for Delegate to Congress and for Senators and Representatives to the Territorial Legislature being required by law to be held on Tuesday, November 5, 1912, attention is called to the following Sections of the Revised Laws, Sections 31 and 32, Section 69, as amended by Act 67, Session Laws of 1911, paragraphs 8 and 9 of Section 198, and to Section 85 of the Organic Act as amended by Act of June 28, 1906, Chapter 352, 34 Statutes at Large.

Section 31 of the Revised Laws reads in part as follows:

"NO PERSON SHALL BE PERMITTED TO STAND AS A CANDIDATE FOR ELECTION TO THE LEGISLATURE UNLESS HE SHALL BE NOMINATED AND SO REQUESTED IN WRITING, SIGNED BY NOT LESS THAN TWENTY-FIVE DULY QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF THE DISTRICT IN WHICH AN ELECTION IS ORDERED AND IN WHICH HE IS REQUESTED TO BE A CANDIDATE. SUCH NOMINATION SHALL, EXCEPT AS HEREINAFTER PROVIDED, BE DEPOSITED WITH THE SECRETARY OF THE TERRITORY NOT LESS THAN THIRTY DAYS BEFORE THE DAY OF A GENERAL ELECTION. . . . EXCEPT ON THE ISLAND OF OAHU, WHERE SUCH NOMINATION SHALL BE DEPOSITED NOT LESS THAN TEN DAYS BEFORE THE DAY OF ANY ELECTION."

The name or names of the candidate or candidates shall be printed with the Hawaiian or English equivalent, if such there be, if the candidate shall so request the Secretary of the Territory in writing at the time his nomination is filed with the Secretary of the Territory, and such candidate shall, at the time of filing his nomination papers, state by what political party he is nominated or his non-partisanship, as the case may be, in order that such party affiliation or non-partisanship may be printed on the ballot in front of the name of such candidate.

EACH NOMINATION MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A DEPOSIT OF TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS.

Nominations of Senators and Representatives must be deposited with me before twelve o'clock midnight on October 6, 1912, except on the Island of Oahu, where such nominations must be deposited with me before twelve o'clock midnight on October 26, 1912.

Nominations of Delegate for election to the House of Representatives of the United States, 63rd Congress, must conform in all respects with the requirements of nominations of Senators and Representatives and must be deposited with me before twelve o'clock midnight on October 6, 1912.

Blank forms of nomination papers may be had on application to the Secretary of the Territory.

NOMINATION FEES MUST BE PAID IN CASH OR BY POSTOFFICE MONEY ORDER MADE PAYABLE TO ME.

E. A. MOTT-SMITH, Secretary of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii, September 17, 1912.

NOTICE OF ELECTION OF DELEGATE TO CONGRESS.

An election for Delegate to the House of Representatives of the United States to serve during the 63rd Congress being required by law to be held on Tuesday, November 5, 1912, at such places as may be designated by the Secretary of the Territory, I hereby give notice that such election will be held at such places throughout the Territory as have been designated by the Governor for the election on Tuesday, November 5, 1912, of Senators and Representatives to the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii.

E. A. MOTT-SMITH, Secretary of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii, Sept. 17, 1912. 5347—Sept. 21, 28; Oct. 5, 12.

NOTICE TO CANDIDATES.

The twenty-five electors who sign nomination papers must be chosen from electors qualified to vote at this, not the last, election. Candidates for Senators or Representatives should therefore verify the names of the electors who sign their nomination papers by ascertaining from the County Clerks of the several counties whether at least twenty-five of such names have been duly registered on the Great Register as electors duly qualified to vote in the candidates' Senatorial or Representative District, as the case may be, at the election to be held on November 5, 1912. The names of duly registered electors signing nomination papers for Delegate may be taken from the Territory at large.

E. A. MOTT-SMITH, Secretary of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii, Sept. 17, 1912. 5347—Sept. 21, 28; Oct. 5, 12.

INSPECTORS OF ELECTION.

Under the provisions of Section 59, Revised Laws of Hawaii, three election inspectors are appointed for each precinct in the Territory who shall, as far as reasonably practicable, be chosen from the opposing parties. All parties are therefore requested to send, at the earliest opportunity, to the Secretary's Office, the names of such persons, stating three or more for each precinct, as they may desire to propose for appointment as election inspectors for the General Election to be held on November 5, 1912.

E. A. MOTT-SMITH, Secretary of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii, Sept. 18, 1912. 5347—Sept. 21, 28; Oct. 5, 12.

Republican candidates for electors will appeal to the supreme court against the proposed plan of putting both Republican and Progressive names on the Republican ballot.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Louis M. Toussaint.

Letters Testamentary on the Will and Estate of Louis M. Toussaint, late of Visalia, Tulare County, State of California, having been issued to Gilbert J. Waller and Henry Waterhouse Trust Company, Limited, said Gilbert J. Waller and Henry Waterhouse Trust Company, Limited, hereby give notice to all creditors having claims against said Estate and whether the same be secured by mortgage or otherwise, to present the same duly authenticated, either at the office of said Gilbert J. Waller or Henry Waterhouse Trust Company, Limited, in Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii, within six months from the date hereof.

All persons indebted to said Estate are notified to make immediate payment to said Gilbert J. Waller or Henry Waterhouse Trust Company, Limited, at their above several offices. Dated, Honolulu, Oahu, T. H., September 28, 1912.

GILBERT J. WALLER, HENRY WATERHOUSE TRUST CO. LTD., By its Treasurer, A. N. Campbell, Executors Under the Will of Louis M. Toussaint, Deceased.

5352—Sept. 28; Oct. 5, 12, 19, 26; Nov. 2

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST Circuit, Territory of Hawaii.—In Probate, At Chambers. In the Matter of the Estate of Lui Gonsalves, Deceased. Notice to Creditors. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executrix of and under the will of Lui Gonsalves, deceased. All persons indebted to the estate of Lui Gonsalves, deceased, are hereby notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned at the offices of J. Alfred Magoon and Noa W. Aluli, Magoon building, corner of Alakea and Merchant streets, Honolulu. And all creditors of the estate of Lui Gonsalves, deceased, are notified to present their claims, duly verified and with proper vouchers attached (if any exist), even though such claims be secured by mortgage of real estate, to the undersigned at the offices of said J. Alfred Magoon and Noa W. Aluli, within six months from the first publication of this notice (which is the date hereof), or within six months after the same shall become due, or such claims will be forever barred. KAKALINA GONSALVES, Executrix of and Under the Will of Lui Gonsalves, deceased. J. Alfred Magoon and Noa W. Aluli, Attorneys for Executrix.

5352—Sept. 28; Oct. 5, 12, 19, 26

BUSINESS NOTICES.

U. S. ENGR. OFFICE, Honolulu, Hawaii, Sept. 25, 1912.—Sealed proposals for Dredging in Hilo and Kaula Harbors, Hawaii, will be received here until 11 o'clock a. m., November 9, 1912, and then publicly opened. Information on application to Lt.-Col. Thomas H. Rees, Custom House, San Francisco, Cal., or this office. W. P. WOOTEN, Major, Engineers. 5350—Sept. 25, 28; Oct. 5, 12, 26; Nov. 2

BY AUTHORITY.

MAUI LOAN FUND COMMISSION.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the office of the Maui Loan Fund Commission, at Walluku, Maui, T. H., until 10 a. m. Saturday, November 9, 1912, and then opened, for the construction, according to plans and specifications, of the Lahaina School, at Lahaina, Maui, T. H. Plans and specifications and other information may be had upon application to R. A. Wadsworth, Secretary of the Maui Loan Fund Commission, or at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works, at Honolulu, T. H. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Tenders must be made on forms furnished by the Commission and must be accompanied by a certified check amounting to not less than 5 per cent. of the amount of the tender. R. A. WADSWORTH, Secretary, Maui Loan Fund Commission. 5352—Oct. 9, 12, 16, 19, 23, 26, 30; Nov. 2, 6

MAUI LOAN FUND COMMISSION.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the office of the Maui Loan Fund Commission, at Walluku, Maui, T. H., until 10 a. m. Saturday, November 9, 1912, and then opened, for the construction of the relocated road and bridge across the Kapihi Gulch, according to the plans and specifications, on the Maui Belt Road System. Plans and specifications and other information may be had upon application to R. A. Wadsworth, Secretary of the Maui Loan Fund Commission, or at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works, at Honolulu, T. H. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Tenders must be made on forms furnished by the Commission and must be accompanied by a certified check amounting to not less than 5 per cent. of the amount of the tender. R. A. WADSWORTH, Secretary, Maui Loan Fund Commission. 5352—Oct. 9, 12, 16, 19, 23, 26, 30; Nov. 2, 6

URINARY DISCHARGES RELIEVED IN 24 HOURS. Each Capsule bears the name MIDY. Beware of counterfeits. ALL DRUGGISTS. Star-Bulletin Ads. are Best Business Getters.

BY AUTHORITY.

REGULATIONS GOVERNING USE OF THE 10" FUEL OIL PIPE LINE OWNED BY THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII AND LOCATED ON THE HONOLULU WATERFRONT AND WHARVES.

Adopted by the Board of Harbor Commissioners, September 11, 1912.

(1) The pipe line shall be under the control of the Board of Harbor Commissioners, whose employees shall work in conjunction with the firms, corporations, or individuals using the pipe line; so that every facility will be secured for the prompt and accurate despatch of the delivery of oil to or from ships or other users of fuel oil.

Charges for Use of Line.

(2) For the first six months of its use, the charge shall be at the rate of 1 1/4 per barrel of oil pumped through the line either from ships to tanks, or from tanks to ships, or other users of fuel oil. After this period, the charge for the use of the line shall be based on cost—

1st. Cost of operation, maintenance and repair.

2nd. Interest on investment and depreciation.

3rd. Refunding annually an amount equal to 1-20 of bonded debt for line, said charge to be determined by the Board of Harbor Commissioners.

Permits to Use Line.

(3) Permits to use the pipe line will be granted only to those firms, corporations or individuals who are in a position to deliver oil to or from vessels berthed at Government wharves at a minimum volume of 1000 barrels per hour.

Delivery of Oil To and From Vessels.

(4) To regulate delivery of fuel oil to ships berthed at Government wharves, no barge or oil tank, vessel or other container, will be permitted to discharge oil to, or receive oil from, any vessel berthed at a Government wharf in the Harbor of Honolulu during such time as the 10" Fuel Oil Pipe Line is in condition to properly receive oil from or deliver oil to ships berthed at wharves owned or controlled by the Territory of Hawaii.

MARSTON CAMPBELL, Chairman, Board of Harbor Commissioners.

EMIL A. BERNDT, Secretary, Board of Harbor Commissioners. 5339-301

SEALED TENDERS.

Sealed Tenders will be received by the Superintendent of Public Works up to 12 m. of Friday, October 18, 1912, for Constructing a Fence Line at Mollili School, Honolulu, T. H. Plans, specifications and blank forms of tender are on file in the office of the Superintendent of Public Works, Capitol Building, Honolulu. The Superintendent of Public Works reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

MARSTON CAMPBELL, Superintendent of Public Works, Honolulu, October 5, 1912. 5361-101.

BY AUTHORITY.

RESOLUTION NO. 719.

Be It Resolved by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii, that the sum of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) be and the same is hereby appropriated out of all moneys in the General Fund of the Treasury for an account known as Maintenance of Roads, Honolulu District (Repairs, Meyers Street).

Presented by Supervisor

H. E. MURRAY, Honolulu, September 27, 1912.

Approved this 10th day of October, A. D. 1912.

JOSEPH J. FERN, Mayor. 5364-31

SEALED TENDERS.

Sealed Tenders will be received by the Superintendent of Public Works up until 12 m. of Saturday, October 26, 1912, for constructing a Two-Story Frame Dormitory; and a One-Story Frame Kitchen, Dining Room, and Lavatory Building, located at Lahaina, Maui, for the Territory of Hawaii.

Plans, specifications and blank forms of tender are on file in the office of the Superintendent of Public Works, Capitol Building, Honolulu. The Superintendent of Public Works reserves the right to reject any or all tenders or parts of tenders.

MARSTON CAMPBELL, Superintendent of Public Works, Honolulu, October 10, 1912. 5364-101

FOR SALE

A 4-bedroom house and well-improved lot on Pua St. \$2800. A cottage and lot (100x150) planted in bearing fruit trees, in Nuuanu tract, \$1000. A bargain.

A few good-sized cheap lots on Gulick St., Kalihi, at from \$150 to \$525 each. Easy terms.

Half a dozen cheap lots in Nuuanu tract at original prices.

FOR RENT.

A 4-bedroom, mosquito-proof house, with all latest improvements, in the choicest part of Kalihi. \$35.

By Oct. 1, a brand-new, partly-furnished, mosquito-proof cottage, with sewer connection, gas and electric lights, alongside Kam. Boys' School, one block from car-line. \$35.

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AUSTRALIA STATESMAN TALKS ON RESULT OF PANAMA CANAL

Sees Great Tide of Commerce Flowing Across the Pacific

It will probably be of interest to not only a few people of the Hawaiian Islands to know the opinion of one of Australia's foremost statesmen on just how the Panama Canal will benefit that country. High Commissioner of Australia Sir George H. Reid, who is now on a visit to the United States, included in comment on things in general and on matters Australian and American during an interview in New York. This interview brought out thirty years of political life in his country, five of them spent as Premier of New South Wales, and one of them as Premier of the Australian Federation. During the course of the interview he said:

"It has been very interesting to me to come to this side of the Atlantic and to give myself the pleasure of comparisons. I had heard much of the progress and energy of this continent and I was anxious to see it for myself. I have the standards of my own country on the one hand, and on the other I have lived for the last two years and a half in England. I am very much impressed by what I have seen on this side, both here and in Canada.

"So far my experience of the United States has been limited to a few excellent hotels and what I could see from the window of a rapidly moving railway train, but I have been very much impressed with the health, strength and comfort which are so manifest. All this makes me want to see more, and I am glad that I am going to have the opportunity of doing so."

"Why do you say the hotels here are excellent?" the High Commissioner was asked.

"Well, the first thing that struck me about them was the 'regardless to cost' element. I see it in the buildings in the fittings and in all the things which are done for one's convenience. The elevator service is splendid, the food is first rate and the business management is first rate. There is an air of smartness about every thing."

"Regarding the persons I see about in the hotels I find them of a vigorous, virtuous, prosperous type, quite far from any of those modern extravagances which one associates with decadence."

"The crowds in the streets are fine and virile and one can judge of a good deal from the crowds in the streets. One phase of life here I have not seen and one which I want to see is that of the school. I want to see a real big school, where there are hundreds of young Americans in the making. That's where I shall see America. I can look forward for twenty or thirty years and know what America is going to be. I haven't seen it yet, but I am sure I shall see something good."

"America is 'Sound.'"

"One thing I am satisfied about is the 'soundness' of America. Of course at a distance one has to judge a country by what one reads of it, and, naturally, the sensational things are the things one reads about. Consequently, one is apt to get a false impression. But I have got my proportions right now."

"For example, I came to America with too much of an idea of the unsoundness of things here. What I had read had given me the idea that there was too big a margin of insecurity. I thought too much of the craze to manufacture wealth by watering stocks. I have already in my few days in New York and Chicago seen that I was wrong, that underlying all there is a fundamental soundness. There is a wildcat element everywhere, but it is only a small part of the cargo of the ship."

"I don't suppose any child ever matured without an attack of mumps or the measles or perhaps even a boil on the neck, but these things are small things where the constitution is sound, and I am quite satisfied that the constitution of America is sound. The efforts you are making to put things right where they are wrong are an earnest of the future."

It was suggested to the High Commissioner that at the time of the visit of the American fleet to Australia they had been very well received and that it had been said that Australia was really more American than British.

"There is, however, the difference between a 'cousinly regard' and the deep love for the mother,' and if the cousin were unpleasant to the mother, why, the 'cousinly regard' would go."

Panama Canal. Asked what Australia thinks of the Panama Canal, the High Commissioner said:

"The Panama Canal will be very important for Australia eventually. Not so much in the near future, because our whole trade is not so big, but later very important indeed. I don't think there will be very great or very sweeping changes in the course of commerce in our direction immediately after the opening of the canal, but the influence of the new route must grow."

"I think that America is to be congratulated on the way it has carried

out this stupendous undertaking to a successful conclusion. It has been a big work done in a big way, and one is naturally anxious to see the United States get all the benefit possible from the results consistent with its obligations to the rest of the world."

Sir George said that there is quite a healthy trade between his country and the United States, and that the trade is increasing, but not so fast as the trade with Germany.

"About 'graft'?" Sir George was asked. "You have read something of the situation in the police department here. Do persons in public life in Australia use their public positions for purposes of private gain?"

"No, they do not. All our great men—I mean great politically—have died poor. 'Graft' as you understand it we don't have. For a great many years I was connected with the treasury and in a confidential position. I never came across anything of the kind the whole time I was there."

Next to talking of Australia Sir George seemed to find most pleasure in talking of the British empire. He discussed the "German war scare." He was not inclined to take the "German menace" too seriously, but at the same time he said it is not to be ignored.

War Talk "Mischievous."

"A great deal of the 'war talk' and more of the 'war print' is mischievous," he said. "I do not think that the names of nations are taken in vain so much in any connection as with war. In Germany, for example, there is a war party—an active war party—but there is also a peace party, and the peace party is probably many times as large as the war party. But everything provocative of hard feeling is reported and exaggerated, while very little indeed is heard of the doings of the peace party. I believe that the German nation is essentially a peace-loving nation."

"At the same time we can not be blind to the growth of some other navies—the German navy and yours, for example. We have to deal with facts as they are and act accordingly. For myself, I would like to see two British battleships built for every one of the Germans," because I think that a strong British navy is the best guarantee for the peace of the world."

"Is Australia doing anything toward the general defense?" was asked. "In Canada the navy question has been the subject of a great deal of discussion and has not been settled. What is Australia doing for defense?"

"In the first place," he replied, "every boy of fourteen years must enroll in the military service. He becomes a cadet. From that time on until the age of twenty-six he is kept under training. It is not by any means so severe a thing as conscription, but it is not at all an amateur affair. He has to attend camps every year and there are drills at regular intervals. Three years ago we had the sense to get Lord Kitchener out there, and he went all over Australia and gave us a coordinated scheme, which we are following out."

Australia's Navy.

"Then as to the fleet. Australia is going to have a navy of her own. In ten years' time we shall have fifty war vessels and shall relieve the home government of the policing of the Southern Seas entirely. The Australian government will have full control over this fleet, but a definite scheme of cooperation with the British navy is being worked out. Waters are being defined. We shall be responsible for a definite stretch, while the British navy will continue its responsibility where we leave off. If two squadrons, one from the Australian navy and the other from the British navy, should act together then the senior officer in either squadron would take command of the whole. If an Australian squadron should go into waters patrolled by a British fleet it would also fall under the British commander."

"How far does your official position bring you into contact with the Ministers in England?" he was asked.

"My official position—not much," was the reply. "But unofficially I have seen a very great deal of the leading men of both parties. I should think there are few men who have been dined and entertained so much as I have. And they treat me with the greatest confidence—men of both sides, too."

JUMPS FROM TOP OF FAMOUS COLUMN

German Hired to Use Parachute for Moving Pictures Deliberately Commits Suicide

BERLIN, Sept. 22.—A man named Buettner jumped today from the top of the famous Column of Victory in the Tiergarten and was instantly killed. The column is 245 feet high.

Buettner had agreed with a bioscope concern to make the jump with a parachute from the summit of the column. The operators of the moving-picture machine were all ready and a big crowd was watching when Buettner ascended the staircase. He lost no time in making the jump from the top.

The parachute failed to act, and he came down like a stone and was dead when the onlookers reached the spot. The police, who allowed the performance, claim the man committed suicide, as an examination showed that the parachute was worthless, and it was also learned that Buettner had tried to kill himself two weeks ago over a love affair.

The crowd which gathered to see the jump attacked the bioscope operators, who, they believed, were accomplices in the suicide.

CASTORIA

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Physicians Prescribe Castoria.

CASTORIA has met with pronounced favor on the part of physicians, pharmaceutical societies and medical authorities. It is used by physicians with results most gratifying. The extended use of Castoria is unquestionably the result of three facts: 1st, The indisputable evidence that it is harmless; 2nd, That it not only allays stomach pains and quiets the nerves, but assimilates the food; 3rd, It is an agreeable and perfect substitute for castor oil. It is absolutely safe. It does not contain any opium, morphine, or other narcotic and does not stupefy. It is unlike Soothing Syrups, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, etc. This is a good deal for a medical journal to say. Our duty, however, is to expose danger and record the means of advancing health. The day for poisoning innocent children through greed or ignorance ought to end. To our knowledge, Castoria is a remedy which produces composure and health, by regulating the system—not by stupefying it—and our readers are entitled to the information.—Hall's Journal of Health.

The signature of *Dr. H. Fletcher* guarantees genuine Castoria. "Your Castoria stands first in its class. In my thirty years of practice I can say I never have found anything that so filled the place." WILLIAM BELMONT, M. D., Cleveland, Ohio. "I have used your Castoria in the case of my own baby and find it pleasant to take, and have obtained excellent results from its use." S. A. BUCHANAN, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa. "I take pleasure in recommending your Castoria, having recommended its use in many instances, and consider it the best laxative that could be used, especially for children." NATHANIEL K. KING, M. D., St. Louis, Mo. "I have used your Castoria and found it an excellent remedy in my household and private practice for many years. The formula is excellent." H. J. TAYLOR, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y. "I find your Castoria to be a standard family remedy. It is the best thing for infants and children I have ever known and I recommend it." R. E. ECKLUND, M. D., Omaha, Neb. "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children." J. B. ELLIOTT, M. D., New York City.

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